the northern lakes to be correspondingly negleeted. The barracks and quarters, as well as the fortifications, have been left in many cases to fall in a state of decay. The time and circumstances now seem peculiarly favorable to placing the seacoast and frontier of the country in a state of security becoming the dignity of a great and proud, though just and peaceful nation.

Reference is made to the impairment of the efficiency of the army through the absence of officers from their regiments or corps. It is said that the service would be greatly benefited if such officers as are disabled could be retired and their places filled by young and active men. The report says that there were 2,436 desertions from the army during the past year, and that the average of desertions for each of the last five years was 10.3 per cent. of the entire enlisted strength, or 51.5 per cent. during the whole period. General Schofield recommends that the reward for the arrest of a deserter be increased to \$100, to be taken out of his pay; that all United States marshals, sheriffs, police officers, etc., be authorized to arrest and deliver deserters; that at least half the pay of soldiers hereafter enlisted be retained until they have fulfilled their contracts of service, making an exception in the cases of men known to devote their pay to the support of dependent relatives, and that it may be made practicable in time for an enlisted man to dissolve his contract of enlistment in a manner honorable to himself and just to the government, by obtaining a discharge, with forfeiture of so much of his retained pay as may be necessary to reimburse the United States for expenses.

Instructions to rifle and carbine practice have been successfully conducted during the year, with favorable results, and it is now proposed to require increased attention to pistol practice.

In a report to the Major-general, Adjutan-general Drum calls attention to the evil of desertion, which may be greatly lessened by the adoption of remedial measures, such as the reduction of the term of service from five to three years and the right to purchase discharge. During the past year there were 24,710 applicants for enlistment, 18,017 of whom were rejected. The accepted recruits embraced 727 colored, 4, 136 natives, and 2,557 foreigners. The Adjutantgeneral says that notwithstanding every effort has been made, so far as the recruiting appropriation would warrant, to secure the necessary recruits to fill the army, it is still more than 1,800 below the authorized strength of 25,000 enlisted men and many of the regiments are greatly reduced.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Opinions Rendered in These Cases, Non Being of Unusual Importance.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The Supreme Court to-day rendered an opinion in the case of Lewis N. Clark, plaintiff in error, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on an appeal from the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Clark was part owner of avessel licensed by the United States to engage in the coasting trade, and while running the vessel as an excursion steamer between Pittsburg and McKee's Rocks, was convicted of violation of the State law requiring a license to be taken out for the sale of liquor. He made application to the Supreme Court for a habeas copus. The court, in an opinion by Chief-justice Fuller, dismissed the petition for a writ of error without going into the merits of the case.

The court also rendered an opinion in the case of Banks & Bros., of New York city, appellants, en. G. L. Manchester; appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio. This was a suit for an injunetion to perpetually restrain the defendant, Manshester, from publishing certain reports of the Supreme Court of Ohio. The point at issue was the right of the Supreme Court Reporter of the State to copyright, for the State, the opinions and syllabi prepared by the judges of the court in their official capacity. This court, in an opinion by Justice Blatchford, hold that, as the opinions were prepared by the judges in their capacity as officers of the State, the copyright law does not extend to them. The judgment of the Circuit Court is accordingly affirmed.

The court also rendered an opinion in the case of the United States and others, against Frank W. DeWalt. DeWalt was convicted upon an information of embezzlement and making fraudulent entries as president of a national bank, and was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. He made application for a writ of babess corpus on the ground that he had been tried on a heinous crime upon an information, contrary to the constitutional provision that a heinous crime should be tried only after a presentment and indictment by a grand jury. The court below granted the application, and the United States took an appeal to this court, which to-day affirmed the judgment of the lower court. It was contended by counsel vided by the statute under which De Walt was convicted did not prescribe imprisonment at hard labor, it did not make the crime a heinous one. The Supreme Court says that in the Mackin case it was held that at the present day imprisonment in a penitentiary, with or without hard labor, is an infamous punishment, and that the opinion in that case governs the present case. Opinion by Chief-justice Fuller.

A RAID ON MPHERSON.

A Feeling That He Has Injured His Chances for the Clerkship of the House. Washington Special.

There is a great deal of feeling among the Republicans, as I intimated in a letter a few days ago, concerning the course of Mr. McPherson. It was a bad blunder when he promptly announced a Republican majority of nearly thirty, and told where they were coming from. This was all the basis needed for the Democrats to begin work, and then began a sudden and astonishing decline in the size of the Republican majority, until it began to appear that there would be no majority at all-that is, on the Republican side of the fence. Meanwhile. Mr. McPherson has gone home to Gettysburg to rest. The Republicans were thoroughly frightened, and Mr. Quay hurried over here and took hold of things, notifying McPherson that he need not come back.

Mr. Quay declared that he did not propose to endure the deliberate robbery of the Republican party of what they had fairly won, and he set measures on foot at once to bring up with a round turn the scoundrels in the Southern States who were boldly engaged in the burglary of the House of Representatives. The same tactics were employed that were successful in getting a fair election in the city of New York. Officers were notified at the place where the stealing was being manipulated to arrest every man engaged in it, and attention was called to the proclamation offering a reward for the arrest and conviction of any person guilty of fraud upon the ballot, even in a "recount." There was a sudden halt in the business. The Democrats knew their man, and knew there would be no monkeying. They were not anxious to get into the United States department of the Albany peniitentiary, though it is not improbable that some of them may get there for what has passed al-

The feeling of resentment toward Mr. Mc-Pherson may, and very likely will, make him trouble in connection with the clerkship of the House, to which he expects, of course, to be reelected. He appears to consider that place as mortgaged to him, but the frightened Republicans all over the country who saw the majority in the House given out by him dwindle from twenty-nine down and down, under the skillful manipulation of the Southern adepts in the art of ballot corruption until there was a fierce and sudden struggle to save any majority at all, may not feel altogether as kindly toward his "claims" as of yore. As it is, the incident has caused the appearance of several other candidates in the field to contest the place with Mr. McPherson.

Mr. James R. Young says of this matter in his weekly letter to the Philadelphia Star: "The man most likely to be hit upon is Mai. John M. Carson, the present head of the Washington bureau of Mr. Childs's Public Ledger. Major Carson's friends have already begun to organize in his behalf. He is a man splendidly equipped for the position, by reason not only of his long residence here as a Washington correspondent, but also by reason of his having served as clerk of the committee on ways and means during the Forty-seventh Congress, when our own Judge Kelley was chairman. But the trouble is that it is exceedingly doubtful if Major Carson will allow himself to be made a candidate. As the chief of the Ledger bureau he holds a high and honorable position, a position that he probably would not care to relinquish for the uncertainty of a political office. They say it is hard to get into the service of Mr. Childs's paper, but once you are, and prove yourself worthy and capable, you are fixed for life. If Carson should consent to enter the lists, McPherson would have no easy road to

MINOR MATTERS.

New Regulations Concerning Deposits for Retirement of National Bank Circulation. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- The Secretary of the Treasury issued the following circular this afternoon in regard to deposits of lawful money to retire circulation:

"In order that the national banks desiring to withdraw bonds on deposit with the Treasurer. to secure circulation, may be fully informed of the course to be pursued, notice is hereby

limits to \$3,000,000 the amount of lawful money to be received by the Treasurer for that purpose

in any one calendar month. "Second-The limit for the months of October and November having been reached, and it being probable that the movement may continue, it is hereby ordered that, until further notice, deposits of lawful money for the withdrawal of bonds be received at the office of the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, and no-

"Third-Tenders of deposits of lawful money may be made to the Treasurer of the United States on Dec. 1, 1888, and at 12 o'clock noon all tenders received up to that hour will be considered by the Treasurer. If the amounts so tendered shall, in the aggregate, exceed the limit for the month, the deposits to be accepted will be determined by lot, under supervision of a committee, which will be appointed for that purpose, and the remainder will be entitled to priority after Jan. 1, 1889, in the order assigned to them by the committee. If the amounts tendered should not exceed the limit, all will be accepted, and tenders subsequently made will be accepted in the order of their receipt by the

United States Treasurer. "Fourth-Deposits tendered in excess of the limit will be returned to the banks by whom they were tendered; but a record will be kept of the order in which the tenders were made, and the banks making the same will be entitled to priority after Jan. 1, 1889, in the same order. "Fifth-Banks giving notice, after Dec. 1, of their desire to deposit lawful money, will become thereby entitled to priority in the order of the receipt by the Treasurer of the United States of such notice."

Sackville's Household Goods at Auction. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- At his grandest reteption the British minister never had a larger crowd in his house than was there this morning. The master of ceremenies on this occasion was Mr. Latimer, the auctioneer. The assemblage was impelled partly by curiosity and partly from a desire to purchase something that once did service for the British minister. A large number of Washington's society people and people who want something "English, you know," paid high prices for china. At first there was a crowd; then there was a crush. The sale began promptly at 11 o'clock. The auctioneer was the immense ball-room, and the china and glass ware were on tables against the wall. Hundreds of people could not get near enough to see what was being sold, but there were plenty of buyers who did not seem to care especially what they bought, and pretty good prices appeared to be bid. Even three old china covers, the dushes to which had been broken or lost, were bid for quite actively. Many people will show their regard for Lord Sackville by their collection of mementoes. Some who did not care especially for glasses, water-bottles, decanters or chinaware, waited in the dining-room, where there were some valuable and attractive paintings, embroideries, bric-a-brac, etc. A very attractive catalogue was presented for their consideration. Among the items were a silk court dress, finely embroidered, worn during the time of Louis XVII, some antique brocade of the time of Louis XV. and some dress goods, old and new.

Appointments by the President. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- The President to-day appointed the following-named postmasters: Lewis T. Brock, at Bellevue, Idaho; Byron Semley, Jackson, Miss.; Kittle L. Scott, Galena, Ill.; Richard T. Hudson, Donaldsonville, La.; Wm. J. Brennan, Sidney, Neb.; Sudar Davis, Orange, Tex.; John T. McAney, Lisbon, Dakota; Nicholas C. Stanton, West Liberty, Ia.; John A. Simons, Grenleaf, Kan.; E. Kearney, Sheldon, Ia.; George L. McIntosh, Chico, Cal.; Wm. C. Bramley, Manitou, Wis.; Miss Delia M. Barrows, Hinesdale, N. H., vice W. S. Barrows,

At the following-named postoffices, which were recently raised to the presidential class. the President has reappointed the incumbents: Bessemer and Oxford, Ala; Sturgis, D. T.; Austin, Chillicothe, Griggsville and Kensington, Ill.; Estherville and Marcus, Ia.; White Sulphur Springs, M. T.; Jamestown, McConnellsville and Waverly, O .; Osceola Mills, Pa .: Sweetwater, Tenn.: Pratt Mines, Ala.: Paragould, Ark.; Blackhawk and Yuma, Cal.; Murat, D. T.; Huntingburg, Ind.; Correctionville, Ia; Collidge, Baldwin, Leoti and Lyndon, Kan.; Bangor, Mich.; Warren and Winnebago City, Minn.; Ponca, Neb.; Caldwell, Carey, Harbor and Middleburg, O.: Humboldt, Tenn.; Whitesborough and Wills Point, Tex ; Keyser, W. Va.; Rhinelander and Rice Lake, Wis.

The Department of Agriculture.

Special to the Indiaganatia Journay, WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- The bill to create the executive Department of Agriculture, which is pending in conference between the two houses, will probably be passed at the coming session, and General Harrison will, if that happens, have an additional Cabinet officer to select. Western men now here say that ex-Governor Furnas, of Nebraska, will be pushed for the position, and that he would make an excellent man for the place, whether the department is raised to the dignity of a Cabinet place or allowed to remain as it is now, an independent bureau. Owing to the fact that the agricultural population of the country is centered in the West, and that Nebraska has never been recognized with an important place, it seems likely that the ex-Governor may be selected.

The Trouble with Hayti.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- The Department of State has reseived official confirmation of the reported condemnation and seizure by the Haytian prize court of the American steamship | tween two boys. John Cunningham, aged about Haytian Republic. The condemnation was pronounced on Friday, Nov. 3. Saturday following the United States minister protested against the proceedings, alleging that the prize court was illegally constituted, and appealed to a higher court. He also advised the captain of the seized vessel to refuse to surrender the craft. The United States steamer man-of-war Boston arrived on the scene the same day to support the protest of the United States minister.

Democrats at Harrison's Inauguration.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- It is a significant fact that one of the largest clubs that will appear in the inaugural procession of General Harrison is the Samuel J. Randall Democratic Association, of Philadelphia, who have engaged rooms for three hundred and fifty people at the Riggs House for March 4 next. It is not often that a Democratic ciub from a distance comes to Washington to attend the inauguration of a Rapublican President.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-The following residents of Indiana have been admitted to practice before the Interior Department: Wm. Daniel, Corydon; Richard R. Christian, Plymouth; James Kilroy, Poseyville, and David J. Thompson, Repsselaer.

Bond offerings to-day aggregated \$180,000. There were \$80,000 four-per-cents. offered at 128 to 1281. These were rejected. One small lot of fours, \$2,200, offered at 125, was accepted; also, \$100,000 four-and-a-halfs, at 1083.

Parricide and Suicide.

STAUNTON, Va., Nov. 19 .- Intelligence has reached here of the murder of Porterfield Brock. a well-to-do widower, near Gilbert's Station, Albemarle county, by his married son, and the suicide of the latter. The murdered man lived with his son on a farm owned by the elder Brock, on Peddie's creek. For some time the murdered man had been engaged to be married to Miss Norfolk, of Albemarle, and on the day of the murder went to Charlottesville and purchased his wedding outfit. Fearing, possibly, that when the old man brought his pretty young bride home it would cause a breaking up of the family relations, young Brock became despondent. Upon the father's return home with his wedding suit, young Brock, in a moment of supposed mental aberration, shot and instantly killed him. His son then left home, but soon returned and went to bed. During the night be arose, got his pistol and blew his brains out. The wife, with several children, remained in the house with the dead bodies of the father and son until morning, when some of the neighbors

were summoned to their assistance. A Big Lawsuit Ends Suddenly.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 19 .- The suit of the Western National Bank, of New York, against Brigge Swift, president of the late Fidelity Bank, which has been in progress several days before Judge Taft, was suddenly terminated to-day by the action of the plaintiff in asking that a juror be withdrawn, and thus postponing the case indefinitely. The suit was based on a loan to E. L. Harper, secured by the later issue of \$1,000 .-000 of stock of the Fidelity Bank. The claim was that the issue was illegal, and that Swift was a party to the fraud by signing his name to the certificates. There is a general supposition that a private settlement of the case has been

THE way to make money is to save it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most economical medicine to buy, as it is the only medicine of which can be | unanimously decided to shut down all the mines truly said, "100 doses one dollar." Do not take any other preparation if you have decided to buy period. This will throw out of employment tinction entities Father Donnally to the rank of with builets. Durant had been quarreling with Hood's Sarsaparilla. This will throw out of employment tinction entities Father Donnally to the rank of two neighbors, Davis and Jeffries. His assassi-"First-That Section 9, act of July 12, 1882, | Hood's Sarsaparilla.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

A Boy's Agonizing Death from Hydrophobia Caused by the Bite of a Dog.

Farmer and His Horse Found Dead in the Roadway-Verdict Against an Ex-Treasurer-Murderous Boot-Black-Fatal Fall.

INDIANA.

Horrible Death from Hydrophobia of a Five-Year-Old Terre Haute Boy.

special to the Indianapolis Journa: TERRE HAUTE, Nov. 19 .- On Oct. 19, Frank. the five-year-old son of Mr. Wm. Mason, of this city, was bitten on the cheek by a dog with which he was playing in the street. A physician sewed up the wound, and said there was no cause for alarm. The dog was killed and examined, but there were no indication of rabies until last Thursday, when the boy complained of a pain in his cheek, and later began to display unmistakable signs of hydrophobia. The sight of milk, of which he had been fond, threw him into spasms. On Friday and Saturday he had but little relief from the spasms, and yesterday he was in constant agony until death came to his relief. For a few hours before his death he taxed the strength of two men, who were heavy gloves to prevent him biting or scratching

Horse and Rider Found Dead.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal JEFFERSONVILLE, Nov. 19 .- David Smith, prominent farmer, who resided five miles north of Henryville. Vanderburg county, was found dead on the public highway at an early hour yesterday morning. His horse, which lay beside him, was also dead. Smith, whose greatest fault was a fondness for liquor, went to Henryville, on Saturday afternoon, to transact some business, telling his family before leaving that he would return late in the evening. After the business which took him there was transacted, he went into a saloon to get a drink He took several and was very drunk when he started home at 9 P. M. Nothing more was heard of him until he was found, yesterday morning, cold and lifeless. The supposition is that the horse stumbled and fell, and in falling killed both itself and master.

Mrs. Doran Pleads Insanity.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal COLUMBUS, Nov. 19 .- The trial of Mrs. Mary Doran, the Indianapolis murderess, begins in the Circuit Court here to-morrow. An unlockedfor phase in her case developed this morning when she filed a special plea of insanity, through her attorney, W. A. Swengle. A large number of witnesses and relatives of the murdered man will be present during the trial from

Heavy Damages Wanted.

Special to the Indiarapolis Journa. COLUMBUS, Nov. 19 .- P. H. McCormick, of this city, administrator of William Riley, the brakeman who was killed by the cars on the Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis railroad a few months ago, to-day entered suit, in behalf of the deceased's widow, in the Circuit Court of this county, for \$10,000 damage against the Pennsylvania company.

Heavy Verdict Against an Ex-Treasurer.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MARION, Nov. 19 .- To-day Judge Winfiel rendered his decision in the case of Huntington county against ex-Treasurer Henry Beaver, on his official bond. The finding is that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of \$14,110.

Minor Notes.

Emil Steenhofel, aged ten, was accidentally killed at Hammond on Saturday by the dis charge of a revolver in the hands of Mrs. Koch. On Sunday morning, as N. M. Stonecipher, residing near Crawfordsville, was loading a revolver the weapon was discharged, the ball tak-

ing effect in the knee of his little girl. At a meeting of the Young Men's Republican Club of Clark county, a resolution was adopted laudatory of the work of the Republicans of Charlestown township, and particularly of the afficial cervices of the president of the club, C. P. Maloy.

The new Y. M. C. A. building at Crawfordsville is almost under roof. The officers of the association have announced that of the 2,000 young men in that city only 325 belong to the church, and a united effort is to be put forth by all the city churches to see to the welfare of the remaining 1,675 young men.

There is a serious epidemic of diphtheria raging in Wabash, and already over a dozen deaths have occurred within a short time. Every case has so far resisted treatment and proven fatal, the patient dying within two or three days. The symptoms are all similar to those seen in croup of the most malignant form.

ILLINOIS.

A Boot-Black Strikes Another Boy with Bis Box, Inflicting Fatal Injuries. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

MARSHALL, Nov. 19 .- There was a probably fatal altercation here to-day, about 12 o'clock, beseventeen, was engaged, with some other boys, in teasing Maurice Harney, a fourteen-year-old lad of rather tough character, when Harney, who is a boot-black, suddenly struck him a terrible blow on the side of the head with his blacking-box. Cunningham's head was laid open for four or five inches, and his skult fractured. The chances for his recovery are thought to be slight, as the wound bleeds internally. Harney fled, but was soon captured, and is now in jail. He is a hard character, despite his youth, and was recently sent to the Reform School, but escaped the next day, and got back to Marshall only one day after the sheriff who took him there. Cunningham was an industrious boy, who has made his own way since he was eight years old, but was rather hardened from running on the streets constantly. Considering his disadvantages, however, he was a pretty good sort of a boy, and his sad fate has excited considerable indignation and sorrow.

Fell from a Wagon and Broke His Neck.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MONTICELLO, Nov. 19 .- Mr. H. C. McAlister. a well-known and prominent citizen of Piatt county, was almost instantly killed, at Bement, by falling from a wagon and breaking his neck. He leaves a wife and three children. He was a strong supporter of Cleveland and Palmer in the late election, and bet heavily on their election. During the war he was a contractor to furnish the army with crackers, and lived at Covington, Ky.

Brief Mention.

A new German Lutheran church was dedicated at Monticello on Sunday. Patrick Brennan and Paul Rickert were seriously burned in Centralia, by an explosion of

Stephen Schafer has been arrested on a charge of setting fire to the public school-building at Rev. Dr. Williams, recent pastor of the Chris-

tian Church at Shelbyville, has accepted a call to Clarksville, Mo. During a ratification meeting at Metropolis on Saturday night Gideon J. Joiner shot at officer McGammon with a double-barried gun, the

charge missing the latter and taking effect in the left shoulder and breast of Isaac Daniel, a special policeman. He is in a critical condition. The first annual meeting of the Illinois Woman Teachers' Association will be held in Bloomington, commencing on Thursday and lasting three days. Friday evening the visitors will be tendered a reception at the Windsor Hotel. Miss Sarah E. Raymond, of the schools of Blooming-

ton, is the president of the association. The Bible in the Schools.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Nov. 19. - A case, in which suit was brought by Catholic tax-payers to prevent the reading of the King James version of the Bible in the public schools, was decided today. Judge Bennett held that such reading was not sectarian instruction, the children of the petitioners not being obliged to listen if they did not desire, and the Bible having been decided upon by the authorities as one of the textbooks for Wisconsin schools. There was nothing. however, to prevent the children from reading a version of the Bible accepted by the Catholic Church, if they desired.

Seven Thousand Men Thrown Out of Work. PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 19 .- At a meeting of the river coal operators, this afternoon, it was along the Monongahela river for an indefinite

in taking coal down the river, and the mine laborers. The operators say the shut-down will be for two months, at least. They claim they cannot sell coal to advantage now, as the market is overstocked, and coal is selling for five cents per bushel, the lowest for many years.

ANARCHISM AGAIN.

The Use of Violence Once More Publicly Advocated by the Chicago Fanatics.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19 .- The Anarchists of Chicago are apparently preparing to put on their war paint again. In addition to the outspoken meeting of yesterday, near the Haymarket, a similar gathering was held to night. The place was Thalia Hall, 636 Milwaukee avenue, not far from the former home of Adolph Fischer, the foreman of the Arbeiter Zeitung, who was arrested after the Haymarket bomb-throwing with a poisoned dagger on his person. Pictures of him and the other executed Anarchists covered the walls of the assemblyroom, and a bust of Lingg occupied a prominent space. A man named Lehman, who acted as secretary, addressed the meeting. He is an outand-out Anarchist. His speech was, from beginning to end, an argument in favor of the use of force. Voting, he said, was useless. Even if they secured a majority it would do them no good, as the capitalists would run things as they pleased. A revolution must come soon. and he urged its speedy approach. Their only salvation was in the use of arms. He advised the appointment of a secret committee to perfect secret organizations all over the city. A Mr. Dammeyer followed in a mild-tempered speech, advising the use of the ballot. Let them strive with that, and if it failed it was then time enough to adopt another course. One Lindemeyer spoke for force. He was in favor of the use of arms from the outset. He devoted a good deal of time to abusing the spies whom he said were sent to the meetings by the capitalistic press of the city. Even at Sunday's meeting he said there were spice from some of the papers, and these he roundly abused. The question of how to attract laborers was discussed, but no conclusion was reached and the meeting adjourned until next week. Of the seventy-five persons present about one-quarter were women, one of them, in fact, acting as the presiding officer.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Goff Claims to Be Elected, and Promises to See that the People's Will Is Executed.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 19 .- General Goff, Republican candidate for Governor, telegraphs the State committee that his majority in Mc-Dowell county is 174, and in Wyoming 122. General Goff also telegraphs to editor C. B. Hart, of the Intelligencer, that he is elected Governor. This is the first time he has made any claims. He says he will see that the will of the people is carried out.

Irish-Americans Celebrate the Victory. New York, Nov. 19 .- The Irish-Americans who supported General Harrison and Levi P Morton held a jubilee-meeting to-night, at which Patrick Ford presided. Governor Alger, of Michigan, was the principal speaker. Telegrams were received from General Harrison and the Hon. James G. Blaine. The former telegraphed:

"Please return to my friends the Irish-American protectionists, new assembled in Cooper Institute, my sincere thanks for their cordial congratulations, and much more for their notable contribution to the victory which they celebrate to-night."

Mr. Blaine telegraphed from Augusts as follows: "The Irish-American protectionists were a very potential element in securing the election of Harrison and Morton, and have a right to rejoice that the policy they favor has been so triumphantly vindicated and maintained."

Mississippi's Official Figures.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 19.—Mississippi (official) gives Cleveland, 85,476; Harrison, 30,096, and Fisk, 218. Allen's (Dem.) majority in the First district is 9,621; Morgan's (Dem.) in the Second, 8,161; Catching's (Dem.) in the Third, 8,710; Lewis's (Dem.) in the Fourth, 10,459; Anderson's (Dam.) in the Fifth, 12,254; Stockdale's (Dem.) in the Sixth, 6,116, and Hooker's (Dem.) in the Seventh, 8,390. Seven Democratic Congressmen are elected.

HARRISON AND MORTON.

Letters Acknowledging a Compliment of the Philadelphia Union League.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19 .- The following let ters, received by Secretary Huey and Vicepresident Houston, of the Union League, explain themselves:

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 16, 1888. To Samuel B. Huey, Esq., Secretary, Philadelphia: My Dear Sir-I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of Nov. 13, advising me that the directors of the Union League of Philadelphia have unanimously elected me an honorary member of that club. Will you please convey to the board of directors my grateful acknowledgment of this courtesy, and say to them that it gives me great pleasure to assume this relation to an organization so distinguished in its membership and in its work as the Union League, of Philadelphia. Very truly yours, BENJAMIN HARRISON.

FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL, NEW YORK, Nov. 15, 1888 W. J. Houston, Vice-president Union League, Phila-

Dear Sir-I have your favor of the 13th inst., in forming me that the board of directors of the Union League, of Philadelphia, have done me the compliment of electing me an hon orary member of the league, and beg that you will assure them of the great pleasure I take in assuming this membership. I hope to have the pleasure of making the personal acquaintance of many of your members on Saturday evening next. Very truly yours, LEVI P. MORTON.

Ciothing Dealer Arrested.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 19 .- Morris Keller, a cloth ing dealer, was arrested, to-day, on a bench warrant on a charge of attempting to defraud his creditors. The suit was brought by Samuel Lewis & Co., of New York, who had furnished Keller with goods. At the hearing P. K. Keenan, his clerk, told a remarkable story of a plot to burn the store for the three-throusand dollars insurance, which, if it had been carried out, would have probably resulted in the loss of several lives. Keenan stated that Keller bought kerosene, last Friday, and ordered him to sprinkle the store and a number of cases of cotton batting with it. He was then to turn on the natural gas, and apply the match to the kerosene. Keller left for Salem, O., and Keenan was ordered to telegraph him after the building had been burned. Instead of doing this, Keenan notified the agent of Lewis & Son, after which he telegraphed Keller that everything was all right When Keller came back, he was arrested for attempting to defraud his creditors. Keenan says if the plot had been carried out the lives of four persons living above the store would have been sacrificed, as it would have been almost impossible for them to escape. Keller is in jail.

He Slew a Guard, and in Turn Was Killed. GRIFFIN, Ga., Nov. 19 .- Four convicts in the camp near Sunnyside were sent on a detail upder guard Gresbam. As soon as the squad was outside of camp one of the convicts, Oscar Carmichael, picked up astone, and throwing it with unerring sim, sent it into the guard's temple, killing him almost instantly. The four prisoners then escaped, and it was an hour or two before the body of the guard was found. The sheriff, with a possa and two bloodbounds, took the trail which they followed through the swamps into Henry county. There the pursuers secured in-formation of the fugitive murderer, who had sought the house where his wife lived. Friday night the posse surrounded the house, when fire was opened. After several volleys between the posse and the murderer, the latter opened the door, and rushed out, brandishing his revolver over his head. He was riddled with shot from the sheriff's officers. His face was unrecognizable, so mutilated was it.

One Hundred Years Old.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Nov. 19 .- Elizabeth Worth White to-day - celebrated her onehundredth birthday, receiving many friends at her son's residence. She is the mother of nine children, six of whom are living; has forty-one much reading, occasionally needle-work, and partakes of the regular food with the family, going up and down stairs without assistance. Her husband died in 1871, aged ninety-three.

Promotion for Father Donnelly.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19 .- Very Rev. Arthur J. Donnelly, of St. Michael's Church, this city, vicar-general of this diocese, has been raised by the Pope to the dignity of domestic prelate, in recognition of his services to religion. The disTHE WOMAN WHO KILLED KING.

Her Mother Talks of Her Childhood and Alleged Marriage with the Man She Shot.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 19 .- The parents of tha woman who killed Harry W. King, at Omaha, live at No. 58 Carter street, Cleveland. A reporter called at the house this afternoon. Everything in the house indicated the severest poverty, and the only decorations that appeared on the walls were the mottoes, "The Lord Will Provide" and "There's No Place Like Home." Two of the ten children whom William and Maggie Beechler have given as "hostage to poverty," were in the room, the younger a girl of but two years. When asked if she had heard from her daughter, Mrs. Beechler said: "Yes, we have just received this dispatch from ber. We sent, asking what we should do with the furniture, in her Chicago home, and who was to care for her little brother Joseph, who has been staying there with her, and for Mary, who is in Chicago at school. The telegram reads as fol-

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 19, 1888. To Mrs. Witham Beechler, No. 58 Carter street,

Mother, cheer up. Have furniture, everything, packed and shipped home. Don't unpack it. Mary must stay in convent. Will send money Monday. Wait for it. Take care of Joe. Mother must not leave home until I send for her. Will write.

"I can hardly realize," continued Mrs. Beechler, "that it is my daughter who committed such a desperate deed. When we came here from England, ten years ago, she was thirteen years old, and one of the kindest of daughters. As we were poor and had so many younger children, she never attended school after her argo to the Bethel Sunday-school, but as she grew older ceased her attendance. She commenced going out to do housework when only fourteen or fifteen years old, and looked out for herself entirely after that. She became a very neat and ca pable housekeeper, then a dress-maker, and found time to become a good letter-writer and reader. She became quite a lady in ways and appearance, and was proud and high-spirited. After awhile she did not come home often, and we hardly knew where she lived or what she did. A little over four years ago she came down to the house and said she was going to Chicago and marry a man named LeGarde. We had never seen him, and no one but my daughter saw him until he had been married to Lizzie more than two years. They located on Randolph street, Chicago, and there we addressed letters to Mrs. Lizzie LeGarde.

"Did your daughter know, when she married him, that Le Garde was not his right name, and

that he had a divorced wife?" "She was ignorant of both facts when she married him, but found out about Ora Walker, a variety actress who was his first wife, before she learned that his real name was King. don't think she knew that until she went back to Chicago, after her visit to Cleveland, two years ago. One Saturday night, last March, I went up to Chicago and stayed over Sunday. I found Lizzie living in fine style. Saturday night Harry did not get home from business until late. I saw him a short time Sunday morning. That night he was brought home so drunk he had to be carried into the house. I did not see him again. Lizzie had nothing to do with his folks, and Harry said he did not want them

to find out he had married again. I received a letter last Thursday, written the day before, in which she said 'Slick as she sometimes called him, had run off with another woman. She said she would sue for a divorce, and get money enough to live on. 1 wrote right back, telling her to come home to Cleveland, not to go into the courts, and not to take any more of his money. She never got this letter; if she had she would not be where she is now. We burned her letters, as she told us to.'

Later in the afternoon the reporter saw several people who were in a position to know something of Lizzie Beechler's habits before her removal to Chicago, and they said she had rooms in different places down town. They also said that it was understood about town and in Chicago that she was legally married to H. W. King.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

The Umbria Surpasses All Previous Records

Between New York and Queenstown. MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 19 .- All quarantine NEW YORK, Nov. 19 .- According to a cable dispatch from Queenstown, the Umbria reached that port at 10 o'clock last night. According to this the Umbria has made the fastest eastward passage across the Atlantic on record. She may destitution prevails, and business is entirely not be so handsome since she got her nose suspended. broken by the Iberia, but she has run better. The Umbria first left New York a week ago Saturday, but at 1:30 in the afternoon, in a fog. ran into and cut in two the steamer Iberia, so that one part drifted away to starboard and sank, while the other part passed to port and floated until 9 o'clock the next night. The Umbria returned to her pier on Sunday morning, and had a couple of small patches put over the holes in her bow, and then at 12 o'clock on Monday she started again. At 2:45 o'clock she passed Sandy Hook, having previously been aground in the main ship channel for ten minutes. At 3:03 she dis charged her pilot and then headed away on her course. It is from that hour that the voyage begins when reckoning time. She accordingly crossed, allowing the difference in time between Queenstown and New York, in the remarkable time of six days, two hours and twenty-two minutes. The best eastward passage hitherto made was by the Etruria, in April, 1888, in six days, four hours and forty minutes. The best westward ministrator. passage on record is six days, one hour and fifty

west gale to boom her along the whole week Steamship News.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 19. - Arrived, Bavarian. from

minutes, by the Etruria. According to all ac-

counts brought in by ships from over the west-

ern ocean, the Umbria has had a howling north-

Southampton, Nov. 19. - Arrived, Eider, from New York for Bremen. NEW YORK, Nov. 19 .- Arrived, Denmark,

from London; La Bourgoyne, from Havre. LONDON, Nov. 19 .- Off Portland Bell, Colorado, from New York for Hulls; passed Dover, Jaormina, from New York for Hamburg.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

William Young and B. G. Jacobs were drowned yesterday, near Toledo, by the capsizing of a

John Hodell, a native of Switzerland, aged thirty-two years, a life prisoner in the Connecticut State prison, committed suicide yesterday in his cell in Wethersfield. Charles Radcliffe, of Chicago, while attempt

ing to board a moving cable-car yesterday, slipped and fell beneath the wheels of the car and was crushed to death. The Very Rev. Maurice Walsh, L. D., rector of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, of Philadelphia, and vicar-general of the arch

diocese of Philadelphia, is dying of Bright's dis-

United States Marshal Esmund, of Iowa, is at Fort Dodge with warrants for the ejectment of the 800 to 1,200 families on the Des Moines lands. Bloodshed is feared upon the attempt to

execute the writs. As Patrick Moore, John O. Williams and John Hughes, miners, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., were descending the Warrior Run slope on foot. a trip of cars ran down upon them, caused by the breaking of the hauling rope. Moore was instantly killed and the other two were se-

riously injured.

Frederick Trenstrupp and Peter C. Peterson. Danes, and an American, whose name is supposed to be Author Sepli, went out rowing in a small boat on Jamaica bay, Sunday afternoon. When but a short distance from the shore the boat sank, and as none of the men could swim they went down with it. Two more deaths from diphtheria were re-

ported at Waterloo, Iowa, Saturday, Five deaths have resulted so far. The town officials have issued a quarantine proclamation, closing indefinitely all the schools, churches and Sunday-schools, and ordering that all persons dying of the disease be buried within twenty-four William Leighton shot and killed John Shine

at the lumber-camp of Rowse & McKeon, sixty grandchildren, fifty-five great-grandchildren, miles from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., on Friday and a great-grandchild aged thirteen afternoon. It is alleged that Leighton stole a months. Mrs. White is bright and active, does team of horses belonging to the company. Shine started after Leighton with a shotgun, intending, he said, to give him a good scare; but on seeing him coming Leighton fired and killed him. Leighton is in jail.

> Murder Followed by Lynching. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 19 .- A stock man,

William Durant, was brutally murdered at his home near Tushomms, Ind. T., Friday night last. He was called from the house by a party of men who shot him in the yard, riddling his body two neighbors, Davis and Jeffries. His assassi- | preme Court on appeal.

nation aroused his friends, who, arming themselves, hunted down and killed Silas Jeffries and Abe Davis, who were suspected of having led the party that murdered Durant.

SOUTHERN OPINION.

A Free Speaking Carolinian Tells How Harrison Should Go to Work.

Washington Special. J. Aitheus Johnson is a frank, out-spoken South Carolinian, chief of a division in the Treasury Department under Controller Durham. He is said to be a man of considerable political influence in his State and may be considered a fairly representative man. To a correspondent Mr. Johnson yesterday discoursed as fol-

"If you want to give Mr. Harrison some ad-

vice which may be of service to him tell him that if he pursues a proper course and be acceptable to the people of my section he can break up the solid South in almost no time. If the race question, which is the color question, were set out of the way, the South would break up into a hundred pieces on industrial questions of current national interest. But, on the other hand, there are three things which the white people of the South will never tolerate. They would fight first. They will never tolerate the rule of the nigger, the carpet-bagger from the North, or the white Republican of the South who associate with the blacks and are little better than their associates. If Mr. Harrison should put any of these classes of people into federal offices in the South he will have to send the military to keep them in office. We prefer military rule to negro rule, and it is just as well to remind Mr. Harrison of that fact, although he must understand it already. No respectable white men in the South are Republicans, and respectable white people are solidly Democratic, because of the race question. It is purely a social question with us and we will never consider it in any other way. I admit that the election laws of South Carolina amount to the imposition of an educational qualification for voters. Under the eight-box law, those who cannot read the label on the ballot-box are liable to put their ballots into the wrong box and have them thrown out. We do not intend that a negro who does not know B from a bull's foot shall count equal to our best and most enlightened white citizens at the polls. If Mr. Harrison gives due consideration to the people of the South, he will doubtless find the white South largely supporting him and his party in a very short time; but if he attempts to rule us with black Republicans, he will make a mistake."

Crimes Committed by Unknown Men. NEW YORK, Nov. 19.-Thomas F. Dunn, twenty six years old. of No. 68 Broadway, came to his home last night, bleeding from wounds on the head and face. He had not been home long before he became unconscious. Physicians were summoned, who saw that his skull was fractured. He died shortly afterward. The police were notified, and learned that Dunn had been beaten by an unknown man in front of a flower stand near the Herald building, in a dispute about the purchase of flowers. The unknown man escaped.

John Shea, thirty-five years old, of Elizabeth street, was admitted to Bellevue Hospital, last night, suffering from a sovere scalp wound and concussion of the brain. As far as can be learned, some unknown man attacked Shea on the street, last pi' c, and beat him most un. mercifully. His ... dition is critical.

French Governess Commits Suicide. PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 19 .- At Youngstown. Ohio, early this morning, Mme. Goudart, a French governess nitted suicide at the residence of the w wn iron manufacturer, Henry O. Bonnei ae arrived in Youngstown, ten days ago, fro. New York, and soon after showed symptoms of melancholy. Yesterday she spent writing letters to friends in New York, and said to the family that she wanted to return there to-day. Early this morning the went to the attic, and while engaged in burning some letters set fire to the house. She jumped through a window, striking a flagstone fifty feet below, and died within an hour without regaining consciousness. Letters found show that she was twenty-three years old. the danghter of a

been in this country three months. Yellow Fever.

cases and one death there to-day.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 19 .- There were eight new cases of yellow fever for the twentyfour hours ending at 6 P. M. to-day. There were four deaths. Total cases to date, 4,621; total A McClenny special says there were two new

judge residing near Paris, France, and had only

against Decatur bas been removed, the trains all stop and business has been resumed. GAINESVILLE, Fla., Nov. 19 .- There were five new cases of yellow fever to day, one white ard four colored. The weather is warm. Great

A Defaulter Arrested.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 19 .- Thomas J. Goodin was arrested here a few days ago on a charge of embezzling funds white treasurer of Rawlins county, Kansas. A few months before his term of office had expired Goodin skipped from town. The county board investigated his accounts, and found a deficit of about \$16,000. The sheriff of Rawlins county arrived here to-day, and will take Goodin back. Goodin confesses the defalcation. Gov. John A. Martin offered a reward for arrest of the defaulter, and the authorities have been on his track for several months. Fast life and speculation is the cause of the defalca-

Business Embarrassments.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Nov. 19 .- James P. Fairley, grocer, made an assignment to-day to John E. Vogel, for the benefit of creditors. The liabilities are placed at between \$40,000 and \$50,000; assets, \$10,000. Mr. Fairley's position is said to be very embarrassing, as it is alleged he is also \$6,000 behind on real estate of which he is ad-

COVINGTON, Ga., Nov. 19. - Messrs. J. T. Shepherd & Son, merchants of Covington, have failed. Their liabilities are \$30,000, and assets about \$20,000.

War in the Household,

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 19 .- Mrs. Patrick Durkin quarreled with her husband at the supper-table, to-night, and in her rage sho threw a teacupful of vitriol in his eyes, totally blinding him and terribly disfiguring his face. She then ran out of the house, but was arrested by an officer and taken back. When she was brought into the room her husband attacked her, and before the officer could interfere he almost beat her to death. The woman was taken to jail, and her husband sent to the hospital. She claims that he was brutal to her, and threatened to bring another woman into the house.

A Lovers' Quarrel Ends in Suicide.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19 .- A trivial lovers' quarrel resulted in the death of Annie Schott at her home, last evening. A stormy scene between Acnie and her lover, Theodore Rudless, occured Saturday. Annie brooded over this and about 5 o'clock last evening she went to her room and shot herself in the right side of the head. The report of the wespon aroused the girl's mother and her brother and sister. On entering Annie's room they found her lying dead upon the floor, her brains cozing out and her hand clutching a revolver.

Rucker Will Be Present.

DENVER, Nov. 18 .- General Rucker said today in reference to Senator Blackburn's reply on the Cleveland episode: "I will not under take to measure ability with the distinguished Senator in bar-room billingsgate in which he indulges. But the mutual friends of the Sepator and myself will hereby understand that I shall be in the neighborhood when the gentleman carries out the threat made in the last sentence of his frenzy."

Steel-Rail Contracts Closed.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19 .- The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has made arrangements for its supply of steel rails for next year. It has agreed to take 45,000 tons from the Cambria Iron Company, at Johnstown, the Pennsylvania Steel Company, near Harrisburg, and the Carnegie works at Pittsburg, each company supplying one-third of the amount, and the price is to be \$28 per ton upon delivery at stated periods during next year.

Fatal Bolter Explosion.

Boston, M. T., Nov. 19 .- The boiler of the Consolidated works at Meadville, M. T., exploded to day, killing M. G. Edmunds, engineer; W. O'Conner, carpenter; Jacob Kramel, pipe fitter; Henry Winters, laborer, and fatally injuring Richard Wing, machinist; George Heckman, pipe fitter, and John Eustis, carpenter, and foreman Hank Pickering.

Shot Dead by His Sister-in-Law. Fr. SMITH, Ark., Nov. 19.-Sam Holmes,

tacked his sister-in-law, a young woman named Mary Thomas, and the girl, driven to desperation, seized a shotgun and fired at him. Holmes dropped dead. Telephone Litigation at Chicago.

well-known planter, while drunk yesterday, at-

CRICAGO, Nov. 19 .- Judge Blodgett, to-day, denied the petition of the American-Cushman Telephone Company for a re-hearing of its suit against the American-Bell Telephone Company.

The case will now go to the United States Su-